Draft Report



केंद्रीय भूमि जल बोर्ड

जल संसाधन, नदी विकास और गंगा संरक्षण मंत्रालय

भारत सरकार

Central Ground Water Board

Ministry of Water Resources, River Development and Ganga Rejuvenation Government of India

Report on

AQUIFER MAPPING AND MANAGEMENT PLAN

Madnoor Mandal, Nizamabad District, Telangana

दक्षिणी क्षेत्र, हैदराबाद Southern Region, Hyderabad



भारत सरकार जल संसाधन, नदी विकास एवम् गंगा संरक्षण मंत्रालय केंद्रीय भूमिजल बोर्ड

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF WATER RESOURCES, RIVER DEVELOPMENT AND GANGA REJUVENATION

REPORT ON

AQUIFER MAPS & MANAGEMENT PLANS MADNOOR MANDAL, NIZAMABAD DISTRICT, TELANGANA STATE

> CENTRAL GROUND WATER BOARD SOUTHERN REGION HYDERABAD JULY-2016

	,	DAL	D DISTRICT, TELANGANA STATE			
	SALIENT FEATURES		2			
1	Name of the Mandal/Area	:	MADNOOR/233 Km ²			
	Revenue Division		NIZAMABAD			
	Location		NL77 ⁰ 32'59.83"- 77 ⁰ 45'40.28"			
	(Fig-1)		EL18 ⁰ 23'1.73"-18 ⁰ 33'26.41"			
2	No. of Revenue villages	:	42			
3	District/State	:	Nizamabad/Telangana			
4	Population /Density (2011 Census)	:	$59002/253 \text{ per Km}^2$			
5	Normal Rainfall (mm)	:	923.0 -Monsoon: 735.8 mm (80%)			
			-Non-Monsoon:187.20 mm (20%)			
	Actual Rainfall(2014-2015)		741.2			
6	Agriculture (Ha) (2014-15):	:	Kharif season :			
			1. Net area sown: 18752			
			2. Total oil seeds: 9841(52%)			
			3. Total pulses: 4281 (23%)			
			4. Cotton: 2927(16%)			
			5. Paddy: 1584 (8%)			
			6. Other crops: 119(1%)			
			Rabi season :			
			1. Net area sown: 3546			
			2. Paddy: 1436(40%)			
			3. Total pulses: 1055(30%)			
			4. Maize: 135(4%)			
			5. Total oil seeds: 74(2%)			
			6. Total spices: 28(1%)			
			7. Other crops: 818 (23%)			
7	Irrigation (2014-15) (Ha)	:	1. Gross irrigated area: 3519			
			2. Net irrigated area: 1680			
			3. Area irrigated more than once: 1839			
			• Ground water: 3519			
8	Existing and future water demands		Domestic & Industrial			
	(MCM)		• Existing:0.49			
			• Future (year 2025): 2.06			
			Irrigation (Existing): 14.05			
9	Water level behaviour	:	0-22 m (Pre-monsoon)			
Í		1.	0-24 m (Post-monsoon)			
	AQUIFER DISPOSITION	:				
10	No of Aquifers	:	2			
11	3-D aquifer disposition and basic		Geology-Granites			
	characteristics of each aquifer		Aqufer-1 (Weathered Zone):			
	(3D: Fig-2a		Weathering varies from 0-12 m			
	Section Layout:2b		Transmissivity(T): $6-181 \text{ m}^2/\text{day}$			
	Sections: 2c & 2d)		Specific Yield (Sy):0.2 to 2 %			
			Aquifer-2 (Fractured Zone):			
			Depth of fracturing varies from 0-45 m.			
			Transmissivity (T): 10-117 m ² /day			
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REPORT ON AQUIFER MAPS & MANAGEMENT PLANS MADNOOR MANDAL, NIZAMABAD DISTRICT, TELANGANA STATE

			Specific storage (S):0.00001-0.02						
			Cumulative yield (Aq1 and Aq 2) (lps): 0 to 2.5						
12	Ground water Issues	:	Anthropogenic contamination by Nitrate.						
			• Sustainability of wells (3-4 hrs).						
13	Ground water resource availability	:	• Net GW availability :19.35						
	and extraction		• Gross Ground Water draft for						
	(MCM)		Irrigation:11.64						
			• Gross Ground water draft for domestic and						
			industrial supply:0.49						
			Gross GW draft:12.13						
			• Stage of ground water development:63%						
			Category: Safe						
14	Ground water extraction	:	No of ground water extraction structurers:2822						
			No. of Dug wells :347						
			No. of Bore wells:2475						
15	Chemical quality of ground water	:	Pre-monsoon						
	and contamination		EC (µS/cm) min: 200 max:2750						
			NO ₃ (mg/L): Min 2: and max :50						
			F (mg/L): Min 0.1 and Max:1.5						
			Post-monsoon EC (μ S/cm) min: 375 max:2550 NO ₃ (mg/L): Min: 1 and max :115 F (mg/L): Min :0.1 and Max :1.5						
			Γ (ing/L). Will .0.1 and Max .1.5						
16	Ground Water Recharge Scenario	:	МСМ						
16.1	Recharge from Rainfall (Monsoon)	:	11.42						
16.2	Recharge from Other sources	:	2.76						
	(Tanks and applied irrigation)								
	(Monsoon)								
16.3	Recharge from rainfall (Non-	:	3.06						
	Monsoon)								
16.4	Recharge from Other sources	:	3.79						
	(Tanks and applied irrigation) (Non-								
	Monsoon)								
16.5	Total annual GW Recharge	:	21.03						
16.6	Natural Discharge	:	1.68						
16.7	Existing Minor Irrigation	:	42						
16.0	Tanks(nos)		0.62						
16.8	Storage from existing tanks	:	0.62						
16.9	Existing Artificial Recharge	:	22/40/0						
17	Structures (PT, CD and Farm ponds)		2.7						
17	Storage from existing AR Structures	•	2.7						

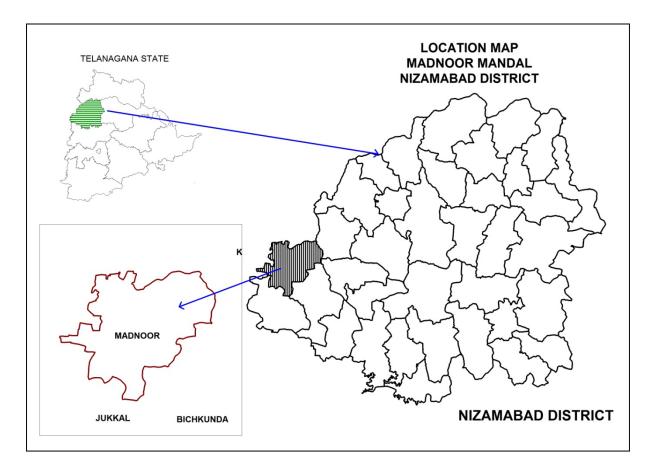
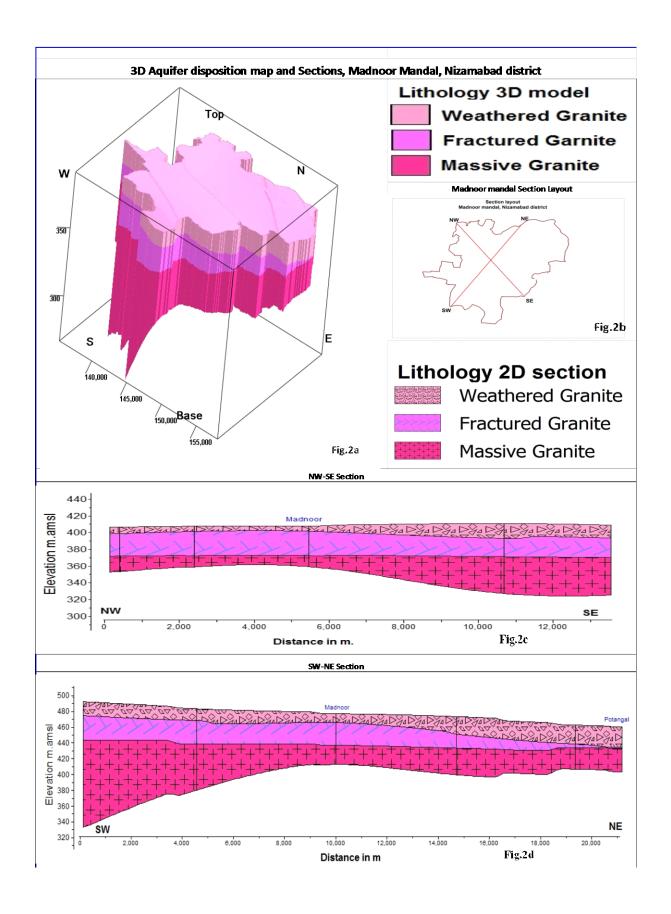
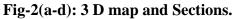


Fig-1: Location Map of Madnoor Mandal





GW MANAGEMENT STRATAGIES, MADNOOR MANDAL, NIZAMABAD DISTRICT

Α	WATER RESOURCE AVAILABILITY		
	• Ground water (as per GEC 2012-13)	:	19.35 MCM
	Surface Water (as per 012 2012 15) Surface Water (as per 2014-15		0 MCM
l	irrigation data)	•	
	Total water availability		19.35 MCM
(a)	Ground Water Resource Enhancement	•	
(a)	(Table-1)		
	Supply side Interventions		
1	Aquifer wise space available for recharge and		0-21 m
1	proposed interventions	•	0-21 11
2	Volume of Un-saturated zone (upto 3mbgl)		3389.5 MCM
3		•	67.8 MCM
3 4	Recharge Potential (Sy 2%) Utilizable Yield available for ARS		
		:	6.32 MCM
5	No. of Check dams (CD's) / Mini percolation	:	186(CDs:86+PTs:100)
	tanks (MPT's) recommended		
6	Total Cost of ARS	:	14.3 Cr
7	Expected Ground Water Recharge through	:	3.2 MCM
	ARS		
8	Water Conservation Measures (WCM) (Farm	:	840
	Ponds)		
9	Total Cost of WCM	:	2.1 Cr
10	Mission Kakatiya- Repair & Renovation of	:	0.05 MCM (13 tanks)
	existing Tanks		
11	Proposed tanks to be taken up in phased		29 tanks (@0.01 MCM)
	manner		
12	Expected GW Recharge under Mission	:	0.02 MCM(50 % of capacity)
	Kakatiya		
13	Mission Bhagiratha (Providing drinking	:	2.15 MCM/year
l	water needs to the entire population) @ 100		
l	lpcd/person (rural) and 135 (urban) from		
l	surface water source from outside the mandal		
	area (From River Krishna)		
14	Net Saving of Ground water from Mission	:	1.7 MCM/year
	Bhagiratha		
(b)	DEMAND SIDE INTERVENTION		
15	Existing Micro Irrigation Intervention & Gross	:	169 Micro irrigation units/22.2 ha
	area irrigated		
16	Proposed Micro Irrigation	:	4200 ha in 42 Villages @ 100 ha in each
			non command village.
17	Cost for micro-irrigation	:	25.2 Cr@ 0.60 lakhs per ha.
10	Expected ground water saving from micro-	:	8.4 MCM of water is expected to be
18		1	conserved.
18	irrigation		
18 (c)	irrigation REGULATION & COMMUNITY		
	REGULATION & COMMUNITY	:	WALTA-Act to be implemented
(c)	REGULATION & COMMUNITY INTERVENTIONS	:	

Aquifer Maps & Management Plans-Madnoor Mandal, Nizamabad District.

(d)	OTHER INTERVENTIONS SUGGESTED	:	 spells @ 4 hours/spell to increase bore well/GW sustainability. As mandatory measures power connection may be given to only those farmers who are adopting micro irrigation for all new bore well to be constructed. Participatory Ground Water Management with community and women participation. Paddy cultivation during rabbi season should be reduced and to be shifted to ID Crops and drought resistant crops. If necessary some regulatory rules may be framed and implemented. In the existing ground water areas sharing of ground water amongst the users to be encouraged to increase the sustainability of wells by reducing well interference. The bore well owner should be suitably compensated for the cost of well by funding to farmers for adopting micro irrigation practices by the Govt.
(e)	EXPECTED RESULTS AND OUTCOME		
20	Total Cost of Interventions (Excluding Mission Kaktiya and Bhagiratha)	:	41.6 Cr
21	Likely benefit of Interventions	:	~13.32 MCM ground water can be saved from the above interventions. The stage of Ground water development may likely to be come down by 26 % (from 63 % to 37%).

S.No	Village	Unsaturated thickness upto 3 m. bgl (m.)	Village Recharge potential MCM (upto 3 m.bgl)	20% of Runoff for AR MCM	Proposed CD's	Proposed PT's	Total cost	Expected GW Recharge in MCM
	Priority-1	m	MCM	MCM	NO.	NO.	Lakhs	MCM
1	Chinna Shakkerga	-3	-0.2	0.0	0	0	0	0.00
2	Chinnapur	14	0.1	0.0	0	0	0	0.01
3	Elegaon	11	0.2	0.0	0	0	0	0.01
4	Enbhura	9	0.8	0.1	1	2	25	0.06
5	Gojegaon	16	0.8	0.1	1	0	5	0.03
6	Limboor	15	2.4	0.2	4	4	60	0.11
7	Mahalsapur	15	0.7	0.1	1	1	15	0.03
8	Marepalle	14	0.9	0.1	2	1	20	0.04
9	Pedda Takli	15	1.7	0.2	3	2	35	0.08
10	Rachoor	13	0.3	0.0	1	1	15	0.02
11	Sirpur	15	1.2	0.1	0	1	10	0.05
12	Sonala	16	1.3	0.1	2	1	20	0.06
13	Wadi Fathepur	16	0.5	0.0	1	1	15	0.02
	Priority-1(Total)				16	14	220	0.53
	Priority-2							
1	Antapur	21	0.8	0.1	1	1	15	0.03
2	Awalgaon	18	4.5	0.4	1	6	65	0.18
3	Chinna Eklara	18	1.8	0.1	0	3	30	0.07
4	Chinna Thadugur	20	1.3	0.1	0	2	20	0.05
5	Dhannur	20	1.7	0.1	1	2	25	0.06
6	Dhoti	9	1.0	0.2	3	2	35	0.08
7	Dongli	13	5.4	0.6	11	10	155	0.30
8	Hajipur	15	0.6	0.1	1	1	15	0.03
9	Keroor	17	1.7	0.1	3	3	45	0.07
10	Kharg	-3	-0.1	0.0	0	0	0	0.00
11	Kotchira	20	3.4	0.2	1	5	55	0.12
12	Kurla	8	1.2	0.2	4	4	60	0.11
13	Lachan	11	1.6	0.2	3	3	45	0.10
14	Lachmapur	15	0.7	0.1	1	0	5	0.03
15	Madnur	17	3.2	0.3	4	4	60	0.13
16	Mahdan Hipparga	14	2.2	0.2	4	4	60	0.12
17	Mainur	16	3.4	0.3	2	4	50	0.15
18	Mallapur	13	0.8	0.1	2	1	20	0.04
19	Mogha	16	2.2	0.2	4	3	50	0.10
20	Pedda Eklara	15	4.5	0.4	8	7	110	0.21
21	Pedda Shakkerga	17	3.4	0.3	3	4	55	0.14
22	Pedda Thadgur	19	3.9	0.3	3	5	65	0.14

Table-1: Village wise list of Artificial Recharge Structures Recommended.

23	Rusegaon	13	1.2	0.1	1	3	35	0.07
24	Shekhapur	16	2.2	0.2	4	3	50	0.10
25	Somoor	21	1.2	0.1	2	2	30	0.04
26	Sultanpet	15	1.9	0.2	3	2	35	0.09
27	Thadi Hipperga	16	1.6	0.1	0	2	20	0.07
	Priority-2 (Total)				70	86	1210	2.63
	Total (P-1&P-2)				86	100	1430	3.16